

HSNC UNIVERSITY, MUMBAI Board of Faculty of Science & Technology

Board of Studies in the Subjects of Biotechnology Subject

- 1) Name of Chairperson/Co-Chairperson/Coordinator:-
 - a) <u>Dr. Pratibha Shah</u> Assistant Professor, Department of Microbiology, K. C college, HSNC University Churchgate, Mumbai –400 020. Email ID- <u>pratibha.shah@kccollege.edu.in</u> Mobile no- 9773321760
- 2) Two to five teachers each having minimum five years teaching experience amongst the full time teachers of the Departments, in the relevant subject.
 - a) <u>Dr. Sejal Rathod</u> Assistant Professor and Course co-ordinator- Biotechnology, K. C college HSNC University Churchgate, Mumbai 400 020. Email ID <u>sejal.rathod@kccollege.edu.in</u>, Mobile No- 9930082028
 - b) **Dr. Suvarna Sharma,** Assistant Professor Department of Life Science K C College Mumbai-40002 Email Id: <u>suvarna.sharma@kccollege.edu.in</u>, Mobile No-9869525362
 - c) <u>Mrs. Rajitha Satish</u> Assistant Professor, Department of Microbiology, HSNC University Churchgate, Mumbai –400 020 Email ID- rajitha.satish@kccollege.edu.in, Mobile No-9833716190
 - d) Ms. Amina Dholkawala Assistant Professor, Department of Microbiology, HSNC
 University Churchgate, Mumbai –400 020 Email IDamina.dholkawala@kccollege.edu.in, Mobile No- 7208724194
- 3) One Professor / Associate Professor from other Universities or professor / Associate Professor from colleges managed by Parent Body;

4) nominated by Parent Body;-

- a) **Dr.Tara Menon** Co-ordinator, Department of Biotechnology, S.I.E.S. college Mumbai-400 022 Email ID- taramenon47@gmail.com Mobile No- 9820414261
- b) <u>Mr. Chetan Ramesh Patil</u> Coordinator Department of Biotechnology
 R D National College Mumbai- 400050 Email ID chetanrpatil86@gmail.com
 Mobile no- 982055378

5) Four external experts from Industry / Research / eminent scholar in the field relevant to the subject nominated by the Parent Body;

- a) <u>Dr. Jaya Shastri(Eminent Scholar)</u> Former Co-ordinator, Department of Biotechnology, Former-HOD, Department of Microbiology, K.C. College, Mumbai-400020 Email ID – jaya2016@gmail.com Mobile no- 9892619365
- b) <u>Dr. Anu Ghosh</u>(Eminent Scholar) Scientific Officer 'G', BARC, Mumbai-42130 Email ID
 <u>anug.barc@gmail.com</u> Mobile no-9757112551
- c) <u>Mr. Ali Asgar Dholkawala</u> (Industry Expert) Senior Manager Legal, Novi Digital Entertainment Private Limited Mumbai- 400013 Email ID – aliasgar.dholkawala@gmail.com, Mobile no- 9820270720
- d) <u>Dr. Sukendu Ghosh</u>(Research and Industry Expert) Scientific Officer 'G', BARC, Mumbai-421306 Email ID – ghoshsukh@gmail.com Mobile no- 9321681400
- Mr. Ramlal Moorjani (Eminent Scholar) Retired .professor Department of Chemistry,
 K.C. College, Mumbai- 400020 Email ID ramlalkc@rediffmail.com Mobile no-9820249799

5.) Top rankers of the Final Year Graduate and Final Year Post Graduate examination of previous year of the concerned subject as invitee members for discussions on framing or revision of syllabus of that subject or group of subjects for one year.

- a) **Mr. Shubankar Dubey** (undergraduate student 18-19) Email <u>Id-</u> <u>dubeshubhankar@gmail.com</u> Mobile no- 9833322379
- b) Ms. Shreshtha Shah (undergraduate student16-17) Email <u>ID-</u> <u>shreshthashah97@gmail.com</u> Mobile no- 981978996

Part –I

Outline of Choice Based Credit System as outlined by University Grants Commission:

R. **** : The Definitions Of The Key Terms Used In The Choice Based Credit System And Grading System Introduced From TheAcademicYear2020-2021AreAs Under:

- 1. **Core Course:** Acourse, which should compulsorily be studied by a candidate as acorerequirement is termed as a Corecourse.
- 2 **Elective Course:** Generally, a course which can be chosen from a pool of courses and which may be very specific or specialized or advanced or supportive to the discipline/subject of study or which provides an extended scope or which enables an exposure to some other discipline/subject/domain or nurtures the candidate's proficiency/skill iscalled an Elective Course.
 - 2.1 **Discipline Specific Elective (DSE) Course:** Elective courses may be offered by the main discipline/subject of study is referred to as Discipline Specific Elective. The University/Institute may also offerdiscipline related Elective courses of interdisciplinary nature (tobe offeredby main discipline/subject of study).
 - 2.2 **Dissertation/Project:** An elective course designed to acquire special/advanced knowledge, such as supplement study/support study to a project work, and a candidate studies such a course on his own with an advisory support by a teacher/faculty member is called dissertation/project. A Project/Dissertation work would be of 6 credits. A Project/Dissertation work may be given in lieu of adiscipline specific elective paper.
 - 2.3 **Generic Elective (GE) Course:** An elective course chosen generally from an unrelated discipline/subject, with an intention to seek exposure is called a Generic Elective.

P.S.: A core course offered in a discipline/subject may be treated as an elective by other discipline/subject and vice versa and such electives may also be referred to as Generic Elective.

3. **Choice Base Credit System :** CBCS allows students to choose interdisciplinary, intra-disciplinary courses, skill oriented papers (even from other disciplines according to their learning needs, interests and aptitude) and more flexibility for students. 4. Honours Program : To enhance employability and entrepreneurship abilities among the learners, through aligning Inter Disciplinary / Intra Disciplinary courses with Degree Program. Honours Program will have 40 additional credits to be undertaken by the learner across three years essentially in Inter / Intra Disciplinary course.

A learner who joins Regular Undergraduate Program will have to opt for Honours Program in the first year of the Program. However, the credits for honours, though divided across three years can be completed within three years to become eligible for award of honours Degree.

- 5. **Program:** A Program is a set of course that are linked together in an academically meaningful way and generally ends with the award of a Degree Certificate depending on the level of knowledge attained and the total duration of study, B.Sc. Programs.
- 6 **Course:** A 'course' is essentially a constituent of a 'program' and may be conceived of as a composite of several learning topics taken from a certain knowledge domain, at a certain level. All the learning topics included in a course must necessarily have academic coherence, i.e. there must be a common thread linking the various components of a course. A number of linked courses considered together are in practice, a 'program'.
- 7. **Bridge Course:** Bridge course is visualized as Pre semester preparation by the learner before commencement of regular lectures. For each semester the topics, whose knowledge is considered as essential for effective and seamless learning of topics of the Semester, will be specified. The Bridge Course can be conducted in online mode. The Online contentcanbecreated for the Bridge Course Topics.
- 8 **Module and Unit:** Acourse which is generally an independent entity having its own separate identity, is also often referred to as a 'Module' in today's parlance, especially when we refer to a 'modular curricular structure'. A module may be studied in conjunction with other learning modules or studied independently. A topic within acourseistreated asa Unit. Each course should haveexactly 3 Units.
- 9. **Self-Learning: 20% of the topics will be marked for Self-Learning.** Topics for Self-Learning are to be learned independently by the student, in a time-bound manner, using online and offline resources including online lectures, videos, library, discussionforums, fieldwork, internships etc.

Evaluative sessions (physical/online), equivalent to the credit allocation of the Self Learning topics, shall be conducted, preferably, every week for each course. Learners are to be evaluated real time during evaluative sessions. The purpose of evaluative sessions is to assess the level of the students' learning achieved in the topicsearmarked for Self-Learning.

The teacher's role in these evaluative sessions will be that of a Moderator and Mentor, who will guide and navigate the discussions in the sessions, and offer concluding remarks, with proper reasoning on the aspects which mayhave been missed by the students, in the course of the Self-Learning process.

The modes to evaluate self-learning can be a combination of the various methods such as written reports, handouts with gaps and MCQs, objective tests, case studies and Peer learning. Groups can be formed to present self-learning topics to peer groups, followed by Question and Answer sessions and open discussion. The marking scheme for Self Learning will be defined under Examination and Teaching.

The topics stipulated for self-learning can be increased or reduced as per the recommendations of the Board of Studies and Academic Council from time to time. All decisions regarding evaluation need to be taken and communicated to the stakeholders preferably before the commencement of a semester. Some exceptions may be made inexigencies, like the current situation arising from the lockdown, but such ad hoc decisions are tobe kept to the minimum possible.

- 10. Credit Point: Credit Point refers to the 'Workload' of a learner and is an index of the number of learning hours deemed for a certain segment of learning. These learning hours may include a variety of learning activities like reading, reflecting, discussing, attending lectures / counseling sessions, watching especially prepared videos, writing assignments, preparing for examinations, etc. Credits assigned forasingle course always pay attention to how many hours it would take for a learner to complete a single course successfully. A single course should have, by and large a course may be assigned anywhere between 2 to 8 credit points wherein 1 credit is construed as corresponding to approximately 30 to 40 learning hours.
- 11. **Credit Completion and Credit Accumulation:** Credit completion or Credit acquisition shall be considered to take place after the learner has successfully cleared all the evaluation criteria with respect to a single course. Thus, a learner who successfully completes a 4 CP (Credit Point) course may be considered to have collected or acquired 4 credits. learner level of performance above the minimum prescribed level (viz. grades / marks obtained) has no bearing on the number of credits collected or acquired. A learner keeps on adding more and more credits as he completes successfully more and more courses. Thus the learner 'accumulates' course wise credits.
- 12 **Credit Bank:** A Credit Bank in simple terms refers to stored and dynamically updated information regarding the number of Credits obtained by any given learner along with details regarding the course/s for which Credit has been given, the course-level, nature, etc. In addition, all the information regarding the number of Credits transferred to different programs or credit exemptions given may also bestored with the individual's history.
- 13. **Credit Transfer:** (performance transfer)When a learner successfullycompletes a program, he/she is allowed to transfer his/her past performance to another academic program having some common courses and Performance transfer is saidtohave taken place.
- 14. **Course Exemption:** Occasionally, when two academic programs offered by a single university or by more than one university, may have some common or equivalent course-content, the learner who has already completed one of these academic programs is allowed to skip these 'equivalent' courses while registering for the newprogram. The Learner is 'exempted' from'relearning' the common or equivalent content area and from re-appearing for the concerned examinations. It is thus taken for granted that the learner has already collected in the past the creditscorresponding to the exempted courses.

Part-II

O^{****} The fees for transfer of credits or performance will be based on number of credits that a learner has to complete for award of the degree.

The Scheme of Teaching and Examination:

The performance of the learners shall be evaluated in two components: Internal Assessment with 40% marks by way of continuous evaluation and by Semester End Examination with 60% marks by conducting the theory examination.

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:- It is defined as the assessment of the learners on the basis of continuous evaluation as envisaged in the credit based system by way of participation of learners in various academic and correlated activities in the given semester of the programme.

A). Internal Assessment – 40%

40 marks

Practical's (internal Components of the Practical Course

1. For Theory Courses

Sr.	Particulars	Marks
No.		
1	ONE class test / online examination to be conducted in the given semester	15 Marks
2	One assignment based on curriculum (to be assessed by the teacher Concerned	10 Marks
3	Self-Learning Evaluation	10 Marks
4	Active participation in routine class instructional deliveries	05 Marks

2. For Courses with Practicals

Each practical course can be conducted out of 50 marks with 20 marks for internal and 30 marks for external

Practical's (Internal	l component of the	Practical	Course)
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Sr. No	Evaluation type	Marks
1	Two Best Practicals /Assignments/Presentation /Preparation of models/ Exhibits	
	Or	10
	One Assignment/ project/presentation to be assessed by teacher concerned	
2	Journal	05
3	Viva	05

The semester end examination (external component) of 60 % for each course will be as follows:

i) Duration – 2 Hours ii) Theory Question Paper

Pattern:-

- 1. There shall be four questions each of 15 marks. On each unit there will be one question and the fourth one will be based on entire syllabus.
- 2. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions. (Each question will be of 20 to 23 marks with options.)
- 3. Question may be subdivided into sub-questions a, b, c... and the allocation of marks depend on the weightage of the topic.

The marks will be given for all examinations and they will be converted into grade (quality) points. The semester-end, final grade sheets and transcripts will have only credits, grades, grade points, SGPA and CGPA.

3. Project and Assignment:

- Project or Assignment, which can in the following forms
 - Case Studies
 - Videos
 - Blogs
 - Research paper (Presented in Seminar/Conference)
 - Field Visit Report
 - Presentations related to the subject (Moot Court, Youth Parliament, etc.)
 - Internships (Exposition of theory into practice)
 - Open Book Test
 - any other innovative methods adopted with the prior approval of Director Board of Examination and Evaluation.

4.Self-Learning Evaluation

- 20% OF THE TOPICS OF CURRICULUM ARE LEARNED BY THE STUDENT THROUGH SELF LEARNING USING ONLINE / OFFLINE ACADEMIC RESOURSE SPECIFIED IN THE CURRICULUM.

- HENCE 20% OF THE LECTURES SHALL BE ALLOCATED FOR EVALUATION OF STUDENTS ON SELF LEARNING TOPICS

 The identified topics in the syllabus shall be learnt independently by the students in a time bound manner preferably from online resources. Evaluative sessions shall be conducted by the teachers and will carry 10 Marks.

CLUB The self-learning topics into 3-4 GROUPS OF TOPICS ONLY FOR EVALUATION.

• PRESCRIBE TIME DURATION (IN DAYS) FOR COMPLETION OF EACH GROUP OF TOPIC AND EARMARK SELF LEARNING EVALUATION LECTURES IN THE TIMETABLE. HENCE EACH GROUP OF TOPIC CAN BE ASSIGNED 3 REGULAR LECTURES FOR THIS EVALUATION FOR ENTIRE CLASS

3 Sub Topics

Each evaluative session shall carry 3 Marks (3×3 Units = 9 Marks). Students who participate in all evaluative sessions shall be awarded 1 additional Mark.

4 Sub Topics

Each evaluative session shall carry 2.5 Marks (2.5 x 4 Units = 10 Marks)

- EVALUATION OF SELF LEARNING TOPICS CAN COMMENCE IN REGULAR LECTURES ASSIGNED FOR SELF LEARNING EVALUATION IN THE TIMETABLE

3 Evaluative sessions

Each evaluative session shall carry 3 Marks (3 x 3 = 9 Marks). Students who

participate in all evaluative sessions shall be awarded 1 additional Mark.

4 Evaluative sessions

Each evaluative session shall carry 2.5 Marks (2.5 x 4 = 10 Marks).

Methods for Evaluation of Self-learning topics:

 Seminars/presentation (PPT or poster), followed by Q&A – Objective questions /Quiz / Framing of MCQ questions.

– Debates

- Group discussion
- You-Tube videos (Marks shall be based on the quality and viewership)
- Improvisation of videos
- Role Play followed by question-answers

TEACHERS CAN FRAME OTHER METHODS OF EVALUATION ALSO PROVIDED THAT THE METHOD, DULY APPROVED BY THE COLLEGE EXAMINATION COMMITTEE, IS NOTIFIED TO THE STUDENTS AT LEAST 7 DAYS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EVALUATION SESSION AND IS FORWARDED FOR INFORMATION AND NECESSARY ACTION AT LEAT 3 DAYS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE EVALUATION SESSION

- Viva Voce
- Any other innovative method

SEMESTER END EXAMINATION: - It is defined as the examination of the learners on the basis of performance in the semester end theory / written examinations.

B. Semester End Examination- 60 %

<u>60 Marks</u>

- 1) Duration These examinations shall be of 2 Hours duration.
- 2) Question Paper Pattern: -

i. There shall be four questions each of 15 marks. ii. All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

iii. Question may be sub-divided into sub-questions a, b, c, d & e only and the allocation of marks depends on the weightage of the topic.

THE MARKS OF THE INTERNAL ASSESSMENT SHOULD NOT BE DISCLOSED TO THE STUDENTS TILL THE RESULTS OF THE CORRESPONDING SEMESTER IS DECLARED.

HSNC University Mumbai

(2020-2021)

Ordinances and Regulations

With Respect to

Choice Based Credit System

(CBCS)

For the Programmes Under

The Faculty of Science and Technology

For the Course

Biotechnology

Curriculum – First Year Undergraduate Programmes

Semester-I and Semester -II

2020-2021

Biotechnology Part 1- Preamble

The world today is living and benefiting from the present 'Era of Biotechnology'. Biotechnology is one of the recent branches of Life Sciences, which has extended and built up as a progressed multidisciplinary applied science in most recent couple of years. Biotechnology at its heart conceives a far reaching investigation of the building blocks of life and this has prompted a novel status for Biotechnology in research and industry.

The financial capability of Biotechnology is settled which has nearly gotten synonymous with current improvement. Biotechnology has its applications in pretty much every field contacting basically every human action. Applied Biotechnology is presently a work in press finding applications in Industry, Agriculture, Health and Environment.

Biotechnology necessitates well trained and duly skilled individuals to constitute Industry and Research divisions. The field is novel and thus requests contributions to Infrastructure and Technology from all fields. The worldwide focus is now growing around inventions that can ease life and purpose. Biotechnology is destined to introduce a paradigm shift in the world's technologies and human perspective.

The interest for prepared workforce in Biotechnology is regularly developing in Fundamental Research and Industry Sector. Scholastic and Research Sectors likewise require interdisciplinary prepared labor to facilitate the Biotechnology Revolution.

The need of great importance is to configure a prospectus which keeps pace with changing occasions and innovation with stresses on applications while clarifying innovation top to bottom. The present syllabus is drafted foreseeing the future needs of Biotechnology Sector with more accentuation on granting hands-on aptitudes. The central purpose is laid on making schedule perfect with improvements in academics, research and commercial divisions. The theory and practical course introduced will prompt range of abilities to advance Biotechnology Sector.

The rebuilt prospectus consolidates fundamental knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Biology considering headways in innovation. The educational program plans to grant essential information with accentuation on its applications to prepare the understudies business

To comply with the education policy of Government of India, we have included Online Courses (OLC) which is available on NPTEL or SWAYAM portals under MOOCS programme being developed by MHRD. The online courses would inculcate the habit of self-study at their own pace by the students and also acclimatize them to future technologies of learning processes.

1. Course Objectives:

Semester I

US-FBT-101 Biotechnology: Introduction and applications

- Introduction to the fields of Biotechnology, its scope, and its application in the field of agriculture and food biotechnology
- Developing a good perspective of the field of Biotechnology and ethical issues related to biotechnology
- Introducing the concept of Bioinformatics.
- Understanding principles underlying design of Fermenter and Fermentation Process

US-FBT-102 Genetics and molecular biology (FBT102)

- The objective of this course is to develop a firm foundation with concepts in heredity and variation
- Develop an understanding of the eukaryotic and prokaryotic genetics.
- Discuss the structure of Chromosomes and types of Chromosomal Aberrations.

US-FBT-103

Cell: Ultra structure and Signaling (FBT103)

- The objective of this course to familiarize the students with ultra-structure of both prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells
- Be able to differentiate between prokaryotes and eukaryotes
- Develop an understanding of the Cytoskeleton and Cell Membrane
- Understanding the signaling process in bacteria and plants.

US-FBT-104

Microscopic examination, nutrition and control of Micro-organisms (FBT 104)

- The objective of this course is to impart skill in handling and culture of Microorganisms and acquaint them with various types of stains and staining methods to be used for visualization of specimens using a microscope
- Develop skills associated with laboratory techniques viz. sterilization, microbial cell culture & cell lines techniques, microscopy and staining techniques to view specimens under a microscope.

US-FBT-105 Basic Chemistry

- The objective of this course is to acquaint students with basic concepts of Chemistry like Classification and Nomenclature of organic compounds.
- To build concepts in Stereochemistry by providing an understanding of the relative spatial arrangement of atoms in molecules. To help students understand the types and significance of chemical bonds.
- Be able to understand Stereochemistry of organic molecules and their practical significance
- Develop an understanding about the nature and role of chemical bonds in the formation of compounds.

US-FBT-106 Biomolecules

- The objective of this course is to provide a clear understanding of Classification, Structure and Characterization of Biomolecules.
- To impart knowledge related to biological role of all major Biomolecules.
- Develop an understanding about Carbohydrates, proteins, amino acids, lipids and nucleic acids.

US-FBT-107 Societal Awareness

- The objective of this course is to acquaint the students with concepts of Societal Awareness
- Develop a sense of awareness about the Problems in Society

Semester II US-FBT-201 Tissue Culture techniques

- The objective of this course is to have an insight about the basic concepts in Plant and Animal Tissue Culture
- Develop an understanding of Plant and Animal Tissue Culture
- Develop basic skills required to carry out these techniques

US-FBT-202 Genetic engineering

- The objective of this course is to provide an understanding of the basic molecular processes of a cell at the level of its genome
- Develop an understanding of recombinant DNA technology and its applications
- Discuss the principles of various techniques in molecular biology and its application.

US-FBT-203 Physiology (Plants and animals) and Ecology

- The objective of this course to acquaint students with Physiological Processes in Plants and Animals as well as to study the role of the ecosystem and the various interactions that sustains it.
- Develop an understanding of the different physiological processes in the eukaryotic living system viz. Plants, animals
- Discuss the importance of the various interactions of the ecosystem.
- Students will become aware of advanced techniques like remote sensing that are used for animal and plant protection.

US-FBT-204 Genetics & immunology

- The objective of this course is to offer an understanding of the concept of Population Genetics and to provide a basic understanding of antibodies, antigens and role of immune system
- Develop an understanding of various concepts of genetic variations in populations and the role of population genetics in Conservation Biology.
- Understand the role of immune system.
- Understand how to identify and classify mutations in DNA followed by mechanism of DNA repair

US-FBT-205 Analytical Chemistry

- The objective of this course is to train the student in the principal, working and applications of basic Analytical Techniques like Chromatography and Colorimetry
- Be able to understand and use two common and significant analytical techniques viz. Chromatography and Colorimetry
- Students will learn how to make solutions, buffers and perform titrimetric analysis.

US-FBT-206 Physical Chemistry

- The objective of this course to acquaint students with fundamentals in Oxidation and Reduction Reactions, reaction rates
- Develop an understanding of kinetics involved in various types of chemical reactions
- Be able to distinguish reactions involving oxidation and reduction processes.

US-FBT-207 Globalization, Ecology and Sustainable Development

- The objective of this course is to acquaint the students with concepts of Globalization, Ecology and Environment
- Understand the concept of sustainable development
- Impart knowledge of Globalization to make students aware about the Problems in Society

2. Process adopted for curriculum designing:

The curriculum was designed in a stepwise manner, firstly on the basis of feedback obtained from department teachers and students. Later several meetings were conducted with representatives from academia, industries and research institutions to assure that the syllabus is enriched in all the aspects.

3. Salient features, how it has been made more relevant.

While designing of the syllabus, care has been taken to balance biotechnological techniques with entrepreneurship skills .The course would help the students to develop creativity in designing products and build research skills and provide better employment opportunities in areas like health care, agriculture, industry and environment.

4. Learning Outcomes.

Our program is designed in a way to educate the learner about various fields of Biotechnology like Genetics, Medical Microbiology and Diagnostics, pharmaceutical industry, Industrial biotechnology, molecular, environmental and biotechnology. The program would help the learner to apply their biotechnological and microbiological skills to summarize, analyze, and instill problem solving approach in the latest developments and innovations in the future. The program design, the teaching and the evaluation patterns would help the learner to develop analytical and critical thinking skills in biological problems through scientific methods so as to give the learner a solid foundation in the field of Biotechnology.

- 1. Learners shall analyze and solve process systems problems, particularly those related to equipment performance, fluid flow, and balance of material and energy.
- 2. The Program would enable the Students to communicate orally and in writing using suitable scientific terms.
- 3. During the Course of this Program Students will be able to design and conduct experiments, analyze and interpret data to address issues in biotechnology and related fields.
- 4. Students will be capable to understand the potential and impact of biotechnological innovations on the environment and their implementation in order to find a sustainable solution to environmental, health, agricultural and other issues.
- 5. The course will cater the students with essential concepts of different processes involved in development of animals, along with genetic control of development.
- 6. The course will acquaint the Students with Complete knowledge on how genes are transmitted in plants and animals from one generation to another will be imparted after completion of the course on genetics. The course shall also highlight the role of genetics / mutations in the breeding of animals and plants
- 7. The Program shall further build into the Learners the ability to develop, interpret, and critically evaluate modern scientific research approaches. As also Understanding the relationship between society and science and justifying plant, animal and microorganism biotechnological manipulation.
- 8. Students would be equipped with knowledge and understanding of basic skills in laboratory techniques viz. sterilization, microbial cell culture & cell lines techniques, microscopy and staining techniques to view specimens under a microscope

5. Input from stakeholders

New topics introduced at basic level which will be gradually included in more depth in second and third year B.Sc. Existing components were modified and shuffled from one semester to other on the basis of time frame required to complete the particular paper. As suggested by the industrial, research and academic experts, practical applications of the fundamental techniques were incorporated and missing links between different subtopics were introduced. Subtopics more streamlined and were made specific (depth of the content). Newly introduced concepts like IPR and Bioinformatics were suggested by industry expert. As suggested by academic experts, new topics such as Pedigree analysis, structure of chromosomes and variation in chromosome structure and number were introduced to the students at this basic level as they directly start studying in depth in second year B.Sc. Also, a missing section of molecular motor proteins, signalling through enzyme coupled cell surface receptors and signaling in bacteria, different PTC techniques, introduction to fundamental techniques in molecular biology and its application in molecular biology were added. As suggested by research and industrial expert, Industrial related techniques, Equipment, Instruments used in basic tissue culture were introduced. Also in recombinant DNA technology topic such as vectors, cDNA library, applications of rDNA technology were added as these are currently used in research and R&D departments of industries. To make students aware about the advance techniques used to protect plants and animals, a concept known as remote sensing was added as suggested by industrial expert plus a concept of entrepreneurship was added under applied component at basic level as the students can get an idea in the field of Marketing and broaden their horizons in respect to employment opportunities.

Part 2- The Scheme of Teaching and Examination is as under: Semester – I Summary

Sr.		Choice	e Based Credit System	Subject Code	Remarks
No.		011010			
1	Core Cou	urse (Biot	echnology)	US-FBT-101, US-FBT-102,	
				US-FBT-1P1, US-FBT-103,	
				US-FBT-104, US-FBT-1P2	
2	Elective	Discipli	ne Specific Elective (DSE)		
	Course	Course			
		2.1	Interdisciplinary Specific	US-FBT-105, US-FBT-1P3	
			Elective (IDSE) Course		
		2.2	Dissertation/Project		
		2.3	Generic Elective (GE) Course	US-FBT-106,US-FBT-1P3	
3	Ability E	nhancem	ent Courses (AEC)	US-FBT-107	
4	Skill Enh	ancemen	t Courses (SEC)		

First Year Semester I Internal and External Detailed Evaluation Sche
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Sr.	Subjec	Subject Title	Pe	riods Pe	er W	eek			Internals			Total	
No	t Code											Mark	
•					•		•						5
			Unit	S.L.	L	Т	Р	Credi	S.L.E	CT+	PA	SEE	
			S					t	•	AT =			
										15+5			
1	US-	Biotechnology	3	20%	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
	FBT-	: Introduction		*									
	101	and											
		Applications											
2	US-	Genetics and	3	20%	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
	FBT-	Molecular		*									
	102	biology											
2	ПО		2	200/	2	0	0	2	10	20	10	(0)	100
3	US-	Cell: Ultra	3	20%	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
	FB1-	structure and											
	103	signalling											
4	US-	Microscopic	3	20%	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
	FBT-	examination,		*									
	104	Nutrition and											
		Control of											
		micro-											
		organisms											
5	US-	Basic	3	20%	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
	FBT-	Chemistry		*									
	105												
6	UC	Diamania	2	200/	2	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
0	US-	Bioorganic	3	20%	3	0	0	Z	10	20	10	00	100
	ГВІ- 106	chemistry											
	100												
7	US-	Societal	3	20%	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
	FBT-	Awareness		*									
	107												
8	US	Practicals			0		6	2				100	100
0	FRT-	Based US-			U		0	2				(80	100
	1P1	$FBT_101 \pm$										+20	
		Practicals)	
		Based US-										,	
		EBT_102											
9	US-	Practicals			0		6	2				100	100
	FBT-	Rased US_						-				(80	100
	1P2	FBT-103 \pm										+20	
		Practicals)	
		Based US-										ŕ	
		FBT-104											

10	US-	Practicals		0	6	2			100	100
	FBT-	Based US-							(80	
	1P3	FBT-105 +							+20	
		Practicals)	
		Based US-								
		FBT-106								
	Total Hours / Credit					20	Total N	I arks		1000
1										

*One to two lectures to be taken for CONTINUOUS self -learning Evaluation.

S.	Subject		Subject Unit Title	Hou	Total No.	Cre	Total
Ν	Code			rs/L	of	dit	Marks
				ectu	hours/lec		
		-		res	tures		100
1	US-FBT-	1	Introduction to Biotechnology and IPR	15	45 L	2	100
	101	2	Applications Biotechnology	15			(60+40)
		3	Food and Fermentation Biotechnology	15			
2	US-FBT-	1	Replication	15	45L	2	100
	102	2	Mendelian genetics	15			(60+40)
		3	Chromosomal mutations and DNA repair	15			
3	US-FBT-	1	Origin of Life and Ultra structure of	15	45L	2	100
	105	2	Ultra Structure of Eukaryotic Cell	15			(00+40)
		3	Cell growth and Signalling	15			
4	US-FBT-	1	Microscopy and Stains	15	45L	2	100
	104	2	Sterilization Techniques	15			(60+40)
		3	Nutrition and Cultivation of	15			
			Microorganisms				
5	US-FBT-	1	Nomenclature and Classification	15	45L	2	100
	105	2	Chemical Bonds	15			(60+40)
		3	Stereochemistry	15			
6	US-FBT-	1	Biomolecule: Carbohydrates and Lipids	15	45L	2	100
	106	2	Biomolecule: Proteins and Amino Acids	15			(60+40)
		3	Biomolecule: Nucleic Acids	15			
7	US-FBT-	1	Overview of Indian Society	15	45L	2	100
	107	2	Concept of Disparity	15			(60+40)
		3	The Indian Constitution and Significant Aspects of Political Processes	15			
8	US-FBT-	1	Practicals based on US-FBT-101	3	45x2=	2	100
	1P1	2	Practicals based on US-FBT-102	3	90 lectures per batch		(80+10 +10)
9	US-FBT-	1	Practicals based on US-FBT-103	3	45x2=	2	100
	1P2	2	Practicals based on US-FBT-104	3	90 lectures		(80+10
					per batch		+10)
10	US-FBT-	1	Practicals based on US-FBT-105	3	45x2=	2	100
	1P3	2	Practicals based on US-FBT-106	3	90 lectures		(80+10
					per batch	• -	+10)
			TOTAL			20	1000

First Year Semester I - Units – Topics – Teaching Hours

• Lecture Duration – 45 Minutes = 0.75 Hours. (45 Lectures equivalent to 33.75 hours)

• One Credit =16.87 hours equivalent to 17 Hours

L: Lecture: Tutorials P: Practical Ct-Core Theory, Cp-Core Practical, SLE- Self learning evaluation CT-Commutative Test, SEE- Semester End Examination , PA-Project Assessment, AT- Attendance

Part -3 Detailed Scheme Theory

Curriculum Topics along with Self-Learning topics - to be covered, through self-learning mode along with the respective Unit. Evaluation of self-learning topics to be undertaken before the concluding lecture instructions of the respective UNIT

Unit	Content	No. of Lectu res
1	Introduction to Biotechnology and IPR	15
	1.1 History & Introduction to Biotechnology	
	1.1.1. What is Biotechnology.	
	1.1.2. Definition of Biotechnology	
	1.1.3. Traditional and Modern Biotechnology	
	1.2 Branches of Biotechnology	
	1.2.1. Plant Biotechnology	
	1.2.2. Animal Biotechnology	
	1.2.3. Marine Biotechnology	
	1.2.4. Agriculture	
	1.2.5. Healthcare	
	1.2.6. Industrial Biotechnology	
	1.2.7. Pharmaceutical Biotechnology	
	1.2.8. Environmental Biotechnology	
	1.2.9. Biotechnology Research in India,	
	1.2.10. Biotechnology Institutions in India (Public and Private Sector)	
	1.3 Ethics in Biotechnology	
	1.4 Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) and Protection (IPP)	
	1.4.1. Basics of IPR (Patents, Copyright, Trademark, Trade Secrets, Plant	
	Varieties Protection Act, Designs, Geographical Indications)	
	1.4.2. Biotechnology and IPR (Basmati and Turmeric case study),	
	1.4.3. Scientific Innovations Biotechnological Patents,	
	1.4.4. Plant Breeders Rights	
	1.5 Concept of Bioinformatics And its Applications in Biotechnology	
2	Applications Biotechnology	15
	2.1 Applications of Biotechnology in Agriculture	
	2.1.1. GM Food, GM Papaya, GM Tomato,	
	2.1.2. Fungal and Insect Resistant Plants,	
	2.1.3. BT Crops, BT Cotton, BT Brinjal	

Course Code: US-FBT-101

	2.2 Biotechnological applications in Crop and Livestock Improvements	
	2.2.1. Modifications in Plant Quality	
	2.2.2. Golden Rice,	
	2.2.3. Molecular Pharming,	
	2.2.4. Plant Based Vaccines	
3	Food and Fermentation Biotechnology	15
	3.1 Food Biotechnology	
	3.1.1. Biotechnological applications in enhancement of Food Quality	
	3.1.2. Unit Operation in Food Processing	
	3.1.3. Quality Factors in Preprocessed Food	
	3.1.4. Food Deterioration and its Control	
	3.2 Mianahial nala in food products	
	5.2 Microbial role in lood products	
	Process & products:	
	3.2.1. Medicinal products (Single Cell Protein, Penicillin)	
	3.2.2. Food products (curd, cheese)	
	3.2.3. Alcoholic beverages (wine)	
	3.3 Fermentation Technology - Basics of Microbial Fermentations :	
	3.3.1. Citric Acid,	
	3.3.2. Ethanol,	
	3.3.3. Penicillin,	
	3.3.4. Peptides and Proteins- Definition, General features and examples	
	with biological role.	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sub- unit	Торіс
2.1	BT Brinjal, Plant Based Vaccines
3.1	Unit Operation in Food Processing, Medicinal products (Single Cell Protein, Penicillin), Food products (curd, cheese), Alcoholic Beverages (Wine),
3.3	Basics of Microbial Fermentations (Citric Acid, Ethanol)

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/103/102103016
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/105/102105058

Course Code: US-FBT-102

Unit	Content	No. of Lectur
1	Replication	15
	1.1 Replication in Prokaryotes	
	1.1.1. Semi-conservative DNA replication,	
	1.1.2. DNA Polymerase and its role,	
	1.1.3. E.coli Chromosome Replication,	
	1.1.4. Bidirectional Replication of Circular DNA molecules,	
	1.1.5. Rolling Circle Replication	
	1.2 Replication in Eukaryotes	
	Eukaryotic cell cycle, Cell cycle regulation	
2	Mendelian genetics	15
	2.1 Introduction to Mendelian genetics	
	2.1.1. Self-fertilization and cross fertilization,	
	2.1.2. Mendel's experimental design,	
	2.1.3. Genotype and Phenotype	
	2.2 Mendel's Laws of Heredity Monohybrid Cross:	
	2.2.1. Principle of Dominance and Segregation	
	2.3 Mendel's Laws of Heredity Dihybrid Cross:	
	2.3.1. Principle of Independent Assortment (Punnett Square and Branch	
	diagram for monohybrid and dihybrid cross)	
	2.3.2. Incomplete Dominance,	
	2.3.3. Co-dominance	
	2.3.4. Multiple Alleles	
	2.4 Epistasis	
	2.5 Environmental effect on the expression of the Human Genes	
	2.0 Mendel's Principle in Human Geneucs 2.7 Padigrae analysis (Autosomal dominant autosomal recessive X-linked	
	dominant, X-linked recessive, Y-linked disease)	
3	Chromosomal Mutations and DNA Repair	15
	3.1 Structure of Chromosome	
	3.1.1. Heterochromatin,	
	3.1.2. Euchromatin,	
	3.1.3. Polytene chromosomes	
	3.2 Variation in Chromosomal Structure and Number	
	3.2.1. Variation in Chromosomal Structure :Deletion, Duplication,	
	Inversion, Translocation	
	3.2.2. Variation in Chromosomal Number: Aneuploidy Euploidy,	
	Polyploidy	

3.2.3.	Syndromes- Klinefelter, Turner, Cri-du-Chat, Trisomy -21,
3.3 Defini	tion and Types of Mutations
3.4 Mutag	genesis and Mutagens
3.5 Luria	Delbruck experiment
3.6 AMES	S test
3.7 Physic	cal, Chemical and Biological Mutagens
3.8 Types	of Point Mutations
3.9 DNA	Repair
3.9.1.	Photoreversal,
3.9.2.	Base Excision Repair,
3.9.3.	Nucleotide Excision Repair,
3.9.4.	Mismatch Repair,
	SOS Repair
3.9.5.	sos repuit,

Self-Learning	topics	(Unit	wise)	:

Sub-Unit	Торіс
2.1	Genotype and Phenotype, Principle of Dominance and Segregation, Multiple Alleles,
	Pedigree analysis
3.2	Variation in Chromosomal Structure and Number, Definition and Types of Mutations,
	DNA Repair

Online Resources

http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_ug.php/223 https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102104052/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103121/ http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_ug.php/72

Course Code: US-FBT-103

Unit	Content	No. of Lectur
		es
1	Origin of Life and Ultra structure of Prokaryotic Cell	15
	1.1 Origin of Life	
	1.1.1. Miller-Urey experiment	
	1.1.2. Introduction to microbial diversity	
	1.2 Ultra structure of Prokaryotic Cell: Cytoplasmic Matrix	
	1.2.1. Cytoskeleton,	
	1.2.2. Nucleoid,	
	1.2.3. Plasmids,	
	1.2.4. Ribosome	
	1.3 External Cell components	
	1.3.1. Capsule,	
	1.3.2. Slime,	
	1.3.3. S-layer,	
	1.3.4. Pili,	
	1.3.5. Fimbriae,	
	1.3.6. Flagella	
	1.4 Bacterial Endospores	
	Examples of spore forming organisms, habitats, function, staining,	
	Formation and Germination	
	1.5 Bacteria - Classification, Types, Morphology	
	Size, Shape and Arrangement	
	1.6 Cultivation of Bacteria	
	1.7 Reproduction and Growth	
	1.7.1. Binary Fission,	
	1.7.2. Conjugation	
	1.7.3. Endospore formation	
	1.8 Isolation and Preservation	
2	Ultra Structure of Eukaryotic Cell	15
	2.1 Ultra structure of Eukaryotic Cell	
	Plasma membrane	
	2.2 Cytoplasmic Matrix - Single Membrane Organelles	
	2.2.1. Endoplasmic reticulum,	
	2.2.2. Golgi complex,	

2.2.	3. Lysosomes,	
2.2.	4. Peroxisomes,	
2.2.	5. Ribosomes	
2.3 Cyt	oplasmic Matrix-Double Membrane Organelles	
2.3.	1. Nucleus,	
2.3.	2. Mitochondrion,	
2.3.	3. Chloroplast	
2.4 Cel	l cytoskeleton	
2.4.	1. Microfilaments,	
2.4.	2. Intermediate Filaments,	
2.4.	3. Microtubules	
2.5 Mo	lecular motors	
2.5.	1. Kinesin,	
2.5.	2. Dynein,	
2.5.	3. Myosin	
2.6 Ext	ernal Cell Coverings	
2.6.	1. Cilia	
2.6.	2. Flagella	
2.7 Co	nparison of Prokaryotic And Eukaryotic Cells	
2		15
3 3.1 Ger	cell growth and signaling neral Principles of Cell communication	15
3.1.	1. Extracellular signal molecules	
3.1.	2. Intracellular signaling Proteins	
3.2 Sig	naling through enzyme coupled cell surface receptors - MAP kinase	
3.3 Sig	naling in plants - Role of ethylene	
3.4 Sig	naling in bacteria	
3.4.	1. Quorum Sensing,	
3.4.	2. Biofilms,	
3.4.	3. Chemotaxis (enzyme coupled cell surface receptor)	
3.5 Gro	owth of Microorganisms	
3.5.	1. Growth Phases,	
3.5	2. Growth Curve	
5.5.		

3.5.4.	Growth	Yield	

- 3.5.5. Measurement of Growth
- 3.5.6. Chemostat
- 3.5.7. Turbidostat

3.6 Enumeration of Microorganisms by Direct and Indirect Methods

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sub-unit	Торіс
1.1	Introduction to microbial diversity, Cytoplasmic Matrix, External Cell components,
	Isolation and Preservation of bacteria
2.2	Plasma membrane, Ribosomes, Molecular motors, External Cell Coverings
2.3	Chloroplast
2.4	Cell cytoskeleton

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103012/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102106025/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102103015/ https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/122103039/pdf/mod2.pdf https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/102103012/pdf/mod5.pdf https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/102103012/pdf/mod4.pdf

Course Code: US-FBT-104

TI:4	Contont	No. of
Unit	Content	Lectur
1	Microscopy and Stains	15
	1.1 History of Microscopy	
	1.2 Types of Microscope, Principle Ports Expetions and Applications	
	1.2 Types of Microscope- Frinciple, Parts, Functions and Applications	
	1.2.2. Dark Field Microscope	
	1 2 3 Phase Contrast Microscope	
	1.2.4 Fluorescence Microscopy	
	1.2.5. Electron Microscopy	
	1.2.6 Confocal Microscopy	
	1.2.0. Comocar Microscopy	
	1 3 Stains and Staining Solutions	
	1.3.1. Definition of Dye and Chromogen	
	1.3.2. Structure of Dye and Chromophore	
	1.3.3. Functions of Mordant and Fixative	
	1.3.4. Natural and Synthetic Dyes	
	1.3.5. Simple Staining, Differential Staining	
	1.3.6. Acid Fast Staining with specific examples	
	Resazurin reduction test)	
2	Sterilization Techniques	15
	2.1 Definition	
	1.2.1. Sterilization	
	1.2.2. Disinfection	
	2.2 Types and Applications	
	2.3 Physical agents and their mode of action	
	2.3.1. Dry Heat,	
	2.3.2. Steam under pressure	
	2.3.3. Gases	
	2.3.4. Radiation	
	2.3.5. Filtration	
	2.4 Chemical Agents and their mode of action 2.4.1 Aldebydes	
	2.4.1 Halogens	
	2.4.3 Quaternary Ammonium Compounds	
	2.4.4 Phenol and Phenolic Compounds	
	2.4.5 Heavy Metals	
	246 Alcohol	
	2.47 Dyes	
	2.T.I. Dycs,	

	2.4.8. Detergents	
	2.5 Ideal Disinfectant.	
	2.5.1. Examples of Disinfectants,	
	2.5.2. Evaluation of Disinfectant (Phenol coefficient)	
3	Nutrition and Cultivation of Microorganisms	15
	3.1 Nutrition and Cultivation of Microorganisms	
	3.1.1. Nutritional Requirements: Carbon, Oxygen, Hydrogen, Nitrogen, Phosphorus, Sulphur and Growth Factors	
	3.1.2. Classification of Different Nutritional Types of Organisms	
	3.1.3. Design and Types of Culture Media –	
	3.1.3.1. Simple Medium (Nutrient agar and Sabouraud's agar),	
	3.1.3.2.Differential Medium (Xylose Lysine Deoxycholate agar),	
	3.1.3.3.Selective Medium (MacConkeys agar),	
	3.1.3.4.Enriched Media(Super Imposed Blood Agar),	
	3.1.3.5.Other media (Harrison et al media, Mueller-Hinton agar)	
	3.2 Concept of Isolation and Methods of Isolation	
	3.2.1. Pure Culture Techniques	
	3.3 Preservation of Culture	
	3.3.1. Cryogenic Preservation -Principle and Methods, Advantages and Limitations	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sub-unit	Торіс
2.5	Ideal Disinfectant
3.3	Pure Culture Techniques, Preservation of Culture

Online Resources

http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_ug.php/74 http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_ug.php/44 http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_ug.php/44 http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_ug.php/80 https://swayam.gov.in/nd1_noc20_bt16/preview

Course code: US-FBT-105

Unit	Content	No. of Lectur
		es
1	Nomenclature and Classification	15
	1.1 Nomenclature and Classification of Inorganic Compounds:	
	1.1.1. Oxides,	
	1.1.2. Salts,	
	1.1.3. Acids,	
	1.1.4. Bases,	
	1.1.5. Ionic,	
	1.1.6. Molecular and Coordination Compounds	
	1.2 Nomenclature and Classification of Organic Compounds:	
	1.2.1. Alkanes, Alkenes, Alkynes,	
	1.2.2. Cyclic Hydrocarbons,	
	1.2.3. Aromatic Compounds, Alcohols and Ethers,	
	1.2.4. Aldehydes and Ketones,	
	1.2.5. Carboxylic Acids and its derivatives,	
	1.2.6. Amines, Amides,	
	1.2.7. Alkyl Halides	
	1.2.8. Heterocyclic Compounds	
2	Chemical Bonds	15
	2.1 Ionic Bond	
	2.1.1. Nature of Ionic Bond	
	2.1.2. Structure of NaCl	
	2.1.3. KCl and CsCl	
	2.1.4. Factors influencing the formation of Ionic Bond	
	2.2 Covalent Bond	
	2.2.1. Nature of Covalent Bond	
	2.2.2. Structure of CH_4 NH ₃ H ₂ O	
	2.2.3. Shapes of BeCl ₂ , BF_3	
	2.3 Coordinate Bond	
	2.3.1. Nature of Coordinate Bond	
	2.4 Non Covalent Bonds	
	2.4.1. Van Der Waal's forces: dipole - dipole, dipole – induced dipole.	

	 2.5 Hydrogen Bond 2.5.1. Theory of Hydrogen Bonding 2.5.2.Types of Hydrogen Bonding (Examples of RCOOH, ROH, Salicylaldehyde, Amides and Polyamides). 	
3	3.1 Isomorism	15
	3.1 Isomerism	
	Types of Isomerism:	
	3.1.1. Constitutional Isomerism (Chain, Position and Functional)	
	3.1.2. Stereoisomerism	
	3.1.3. Chirality	
	3.2 Geometric Isomerism and Optical Isomerism	
	3.2.1. Enantiomers	
	3.2.2. Diastereomers	
	3.2.3. Racemic mixtures Cis-Trans, Threo, Erythro and Meso isomers	
	3.2.4. Diastereomerism (Cis-Trans Isomerism) in Alkenes and	
	Cycloalkanes (3 and 4 membered ring)	
	3.3 Conformation	
	3.3.1. Conformations of Ethane.	
	3.3.2. Difference between Configuration and Conformation	
	3.3.3. Representation of Configuration by —Flying Wedge Formula	
	3.4 Projection formulae	
	3.4.1. Fischer	
	3.4.2. Newman	
	3.4.3. Sawhorse	
	3.4.4. The Interconversion of the Formulae	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sub- Unit	Торіс
3.1	Isomerism, Geometric Isomerism and Optical Isomerism, Conformation, Projection formulae

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105086/

Course code: US-FBT-106

Unit	Content	No. of Lectur
1		es
1	Biomolecule: Carbonydrates and Lipids 1.1 Carbohydrates [.]	15
	1.1.1. Definition, muta-rotation, dextro-rotation, levo- rotation	
	1.1.2. Classification of carbohydrates	
	1.1.3. Structure of monosaccharides (3C, 4C, 5C, 6C and 7C)	
	1.1.4. Classification of carbohydrates on the basis of aldehyde and	
	ketone group	
	1.1.5. Reaction of glucose with Bromine water, HNO3 and formation of	
	glucuronic acid using glucuronic acid cycle.	
	I.1.0. Chemical feaction involved in osazones formation from glucose,	
	1.1.7 Structure, occurrence and function of oligosaccharides like	
	lactose maltose sucrose (reducing and non-reducing sugars)	
	1.1.8. Polysaccharides- storage polysaccharides (starch and glycogen)	
	and structural polysaccharides (cellulose and glycogen)	
	1.1.9. Molisch test and Anthrone test for carbohydrates; Bial's test for	
	pentose sugars; Calorific value of carbohydrates i.e. energy	
	obtained	
	from 1 gram of carbohydrate	
	1.2 Lipids:	
	1.2.1. What are lipids, lipogenesis, lipolysis	
	1.2.2. Classification of lipids	
	1.2.3. Triacylglycerol structure and function	
	1.2.4. Definition of lipoproteins and their classification	
	1.2.5. What is cholesterol?	
	1.2.6. What are the different phospholipids	
	1.2.7. Derived lipids; classification of fatty acids (saturated and	
	unsaturated)	
	1.2.8. Extraction of oil from plants and animals by soxhlet method or	
	simple chemical method	
2	Biomolecule: Proteins and Amino Acids 2.1 Proteins and Amino Acids:	15
	2.1.1. Classification of proteins on the basis of solubility, shape, size and	
	Iunction	
	2.1.2. Classification of amino acids and their short forms	
	2.1.5. Amino acto reaction with Sanger's reagent, Edman's reagent and Ninbydrin	
	2.1.4 Action of pepsin trypsin and chymotrypsin on proteins	
	2.1.5. Denaturation of proteins	
	2.1.6. Determination of pKa value of amino acid like glycine	
2	 1.2.7. Derived ripus; classification of fatty acids (saturated and unsaturated) 1.2.8. Extraction of oil from plants and animals by soxhlet method or simple chemical method Biomolecule: Proteins and Amino Acids 2.1 Proteins and Amino Acids: 2.1.1.Classification of proteins on the basis of solubility, shape, size and function 2.1.2. Classification of amino acids and their short forms 2.1.3. Amino acid reaction with Sanger's reagent, Edman's reagent and Ninhydrin 2.1.4. Action of pepsin, trypsin and chymotrypsin on proteins 2.1.5. Denaturation of pKa value of amino acid like glycine 	15

	 2.1.7. Structure of protein- Primary structure of insulin (in detail), secondary, tertiary and quaternary structures 2.1.8. Definition- isoelectric pH, zwitterion, pKa values 	
3	Biomolecule: Nucleic Acids	15
	3.1 Nucleic Acids:	
	3.1.1. Structure of Purines and Pyrimidines	
	3.1.2. Nucleic acid bases in DNA and RNA	
	3.1.3. Nucleotide- nucleoside; Ribose and Deoxyribose sugars	
	3.1.4. DNA structure by Watson and Crick model	
	3.1.5. RNA structure and types	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Unit	Торіс
1.1	Definition, basic structure and stereoisomeric forms of carbohydrates, Classifications of
	Monosaccharides, structure and functions of major monosaccharides, Disaccharides,
	Oligosaccharides and polysaccharides
2.1	Biomolecule, Amino acids-building blocks of proteins, Classification and Structure of Amino
	acids, Definition-isoelectric pH, zwitterion
3.1	Nucleic Acids as genetic material, building blocks of nucleic acids, DNA &RNA structure and
	functions

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104102016/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105040/

http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_ug.php/57

Course code: US-FBT-107

Unit	t Content			
			res	
1	1.1 Overv	view of Indian Society	15	
	1.1.1.	Understand the multi-cultural diversity of Indian society through its demographic composition		
	1.1.2.	population distribution according to religion, caste, and gender:		
	1.1.3.	Appreciate the concept of linguistic diversity in relation to the Indian situation		
	1.1.4.	Understand regional variations according to rural, urban and tribal characteristics:		
	1.1.5.	Understanding the concept of diversity as difference		
2	2.1 Conce	ept of Disparity :	15	
	2.1.1.	Understand the concept of disparity as arising out of stratification and inequality		
	2.1.2.	Explore the disparities arising out of gender with special reference to violence against women		
	2.1.3.	female foeticide (declining sex ratio)		
	2.1.4.	portrayal of women in media		
	2.1.5.	Appreciate the inequalities faced by people with disabilities and understand the issues of people with physical and mental disabilities		
	2.2 Conce	ept of Disparity-II:		
	2.2.1.	Examine inequalities manifested due to the caste system and inter-group conflicts arising thereof;		
	2.2.2.	Understand inter-group conflicts arising out of communalism;		
	2.2.3.	Examine the causes and effects of conflicts arising out of regionalism and linguistic differences		
3	The In 3.1 The In	dian Constitution and Significant Aspects of Political Processes ndian Constitution:	15	
	3.1.1.	Philosophy of the Constitution as set out in the Preamble;		
	3.1.2.	The structure of the Constitution-the Preamble,		
	3.1.3.	Main Body and Schedules;		
	3.1.4.	Fundamental Duties of the Indian Citizen;		
	3.1.5.	tolerance, peace and communal harmony as crucial values in strengthening the social fabric of Indian society		
	3.1.6.	Basic features of the Constitution,		
	3.1.7.	Basic laws (Civil, Criminal, trademark),		
	3.1.8.	Infringement,		
	3.1.9.	Penalties		

3.2	2 Significant Aspects of Political Processes:
	3.2.1. The party system in Indian politics
	3.2.2. Local self- government in urban and rural areas
	3.2.3. The 73rd and 74th Amendments and their implications for inclusive politics
	3.2.4. Role and significance of women in politics

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):			
Unit	Торіс		
1.1	Casteism: Characteristics and Causes, Regionalism: Characteristics and Types, Language Conflicts: Causes, Consequences and Remedial Measures		
2.1	Violence against Women		

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/109104074/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/109/103/109103022/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/109103022/

Part	-4	Detailed	Scheme Practicals	5
	$\mathbf{\alpha}$			

Practical I	Title of Paper: Biotechnology: Introduction and applications &	Total
T T . •4	DNA: Replication, Recombination and Mutations	Credits: 2
Unit	Content	No. of
1		Lectures
1	11 Safaty in Laboratory	90
	1.1 Safely III Laboratory 1.2 Study of Storilization of Laboratory Classwara, Modia	
	(a) Autoclave	
	(a) Hot air oven	
	(c) Furnigation	
	1.3 Preparation of culture Media	
	(a) Liquid Medium (Nutrient Broth)	
	(b) Solid Medium (Nutrient Agar, Sabouraud's agar)	
	(c) Preparation of Slants, Butts, Plates	
	1.4 Inoculation Techniques & Study of growth	
	(a) Liquid Medium (Nutrient Broth)	
	(b) Solid Medium (Nutrient Agar, Sabouraud's agar)	
	(c) Study of colony characteristics of Bacteria	
	(d) Study of Aseptic Transfer Technique	
	1.5 Enumeration of Microorganisms by Serial Dilution	
	(a) Pour Plate	
	(b) Spread Plate	
	1.6 Enumeration by Breed's Count	
	1.7 Sequence retrieval in NCBI BLAST	
	1.8 Alcohol fermentation & estimation of Alcohol Content by	
	Cole's Method	
	1.9 Isolation of organism causing Food Spoilage	
	1.10 Problems on Mendelian Genetics	
	1.11 Problems on Pedigree Analysis	
	1.12 Study of normal and abnormal karyotype	
	1.13 Assignment- Study of any branch of Biotechnology and its application.	

Course Code: US-FBT-1P1

	examination, Nutrition and Control of micro-organisms	Credits: 2
Unit	Content	No. of
		Lectures
1	1.1 Study of parts and working of Compound Microscope	90
	1.2 Analysis of Milk -	
	a) MBRT	
	b) RRT	
	1.3 Oligodynamic action of synthetic dyes on growth of microorganisms	
	1.4 Growth Curve of <i>E.coli</i>	
	1.5 Study of Colorimeter	
	1.6 Study of Photomicrographs of Cell Organelles	
	1.7 Staining	
	 i. Gram Staining ii. Fungal staining iii. Acid Fast staining iv. iv. Capsule staining v. v. Cell Wall staining vi. vi. Endospore Staining 	

Course Code: US-FBT-1P2

Practical III	Title of Paper: Basic Chemistry & Bio organic Chemistry	Total
		Credits: 2
Unit	Content	No. of
		Lectures
1	1.1 Safety Measures and Practices in Chemistry Laboratory, Working and use of a Digital Balance, Functioning and Standardization of pH Meter, Optical Activity of a Chemical Compounds by Polarimeter	90
	1.2 Preparation of standard (Molar, Molal and Normal solutions) and Buffer Solutions Determination of strength of HCl in commercial sample	
	13 Qualitative Analysis of Inorganic Compounds - Three experiments	
	 14 Characterization of Organic Compounds containing only C, H, O elements (no element test) - Compounds belonging to the following classes: Carboxylic Acid, Phenol, Aldehyde/Ketone, Ester, Alcohol, Hydrocarbon and Characterization of Organic Compounds containing C, H, O, N, S, Halogen Elements (element tests to be done) Compounds belonging to the following classes: Amine, Amide, Nitro Compounds, Thiamide, Haloalkane, Haloarene 	
	15 To Standardize commercial sample of NaOH using KHP (Potassium hydrogen pthalate) and sample of HCl using borax	
	1.6 Spot test for Carbohydrates, Fats and Proteins and Amino Acids and Nucleic Acids	
	1.7 Estimation of Protein by Biuret method and Lowry method	
	1.8 Standardization of Colorimeter and Estimation of Reducing sugar by DNSA method	

Course Code: US-FBT-1P3

Part 5- The Scheme of Teaching and Examination is as under: First Year Semester – II Summary

r			J	1	Т
Sr.		Choice E	Based Credit System	Subject Code	Remarks
No.					
1	Core Cour	rse (Biotec	hnology)	US-FBT-201, US-FBT-202,	
				US-FBT-2P1, US-FBT-203,	
				US-FBT-204, US-FBT-2P2	
2	Elective	Disciplin	e Specific Elective (DSE)		
	Course	Course			
		2.1	Interdisciplinary Specific	US-FBT-205	
			Elective (IDSE) Course	US-FBT-2P3	
		2.2	Dissertation/Project		
		2.3	Generic Elective (GE) Course	US-FBT-206, US-FBT-2P3	
3	Ability En	hancemen	t Courses (AEC)	US-FBT-207	`
4	Skill Enha	incement C	Courses (SEC)		

Sr. No	Subject Code	Subject Title		Periods F	Per We	ek				Inter	nals		Total Marks
			Units	S.L.	L	Т	Р	Credit	S.L.E	CT+ AT= 15+5	PA	SEE	
1	US-FBT- 201	Tissue Culture Techniques	3	20%*	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
2	US-FBT- 202	Genetic Engineering	3	20%*	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
3	US-FBT- 203	Cell: Physiology (Plants and Animals) and Ecology	3	20%*	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
4	US-FBT- 204	Genetics & Immunology	3	20%*	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
5	US-FBT- 205	Analytical Chemistry	3	20%*	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
6	US-FBT- 206	Physical Chemistry	3	20%*	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
7	US-FBT- 207	Globalization, Ecology and Sustainable Development	3	20%*	3	0	0	2	10	20	10	60	100
8	US-FBT- 2P1	Practicals Based US-FBT-201 + Practicals Based US-FBT-202			0		6	2				100 (80+ 20)	100
9	US-FBT- 2P2	Practicals Based US-FBT-203 + Practicals Based US-FBT-204			0		6	2				100 (80+ 20)	100
10	US-FBT- 2P3	Practicals Based US-FBT-205 + Practicals Based US-FBT-206			0		6	2				100 (80+ 20)	100
	Total Hours / Credit							20		Total N	Marks		1000

First Year Semester -II Internal and External Detailed Evaluation Scheme

 $\ensuremath{^*\!\textsc{One}}$ to two lectures to be taken for CONTINUOUS self -learning Evaluation.

S.N	Subject		Subject Unit Title	Hour	Total No.	Cre	Total
	Code			s/Lect	of	dit	Marks
				ures	hours/lectu		
		- 1		1.5	res	-	100
1	US-	1	Equipment and instruments used in basic	15	45 L	2	100
	FBT-	-	tissue culture	1.5			(60+40)
	201	2	Plant Tissue Culture	15	-		
		3	Animal Tissue Culture	15			100
2	US-	1	Enzymes used in genetic manipulation	15	45L	2	100
	FBT-	2	Vectors used in genetic manipulation	15			(60+40)
	202		And recombinant DNA library		-		
		3	Techniques in molecular biology	15			
3	US-	1	Plant Physiology	15	45L	2	100
	FBT-	2	Animal Physiology	15	_		(60+40)
	203	3	Ecosystem and Interactions	15			
	US-	1	Recombination	15	45L	2	100
4	FBT-	2	Population Genetics	15	_		(60+40)
	204	3	Immunology	15			
	US-	1	Water and buffers	15	45L	2	100
5	FBT-	2	Titrimetry and Gravimetry	15			(60+40)
	205	3	Analytical Techniques	15			
	US-	1	Thermodynamics	15	45L	2	100
6	FBT-	2	Chemical Kinetics	15			(60+40)
	206	3	Oxidation Reduction Reactions	15			
	US-	1	Globalisation and Indian Society and	15	45L	2	100
	FBT-		Human Rights				(60+40)
7	207	2	Ecology and sustainable development	15			
		3	Understanding and Managing Stress and	15			
			Conflict in Contemporary Society				
8	US-	1	Practicals based on US-FBT-201	3	45x2=	2	100
	FBT-	2	Practicals based on US-FBT-202	3	90 lectures		(80+10
	2P1				per batch		+10)
9	US-	1	Practicals based on US-FBT-203	3	45x2=	2	100
	FBT-	2	Practicals based on US-FBT-204	3	90 lectures		(80+10
	2P2				per batch		+10)
10	US-	1	Practicals based on US-FBT-205	3	45x2=	2	100
	FBT-	2	Practicals based on US-FBT-206	3	90 lectures		(80+10
	2P3				per batch		+10)
			TOTAL			20	1000

First Year Semester - II Units - Topics - Teaching Hours

• Lecture Duration – 45 Minutes = 0.75 Hours. (45 Lectures equivalent to 33.75 hours)

• One Credit =16.87 hours equivalent to 17 Hours

L: Lecture: Tutorials P: Practical Ct-Core Theory, Cp-Core Practical, SLE- Self learning evaluation CT-Commutative Test, SEE- Semester End Examination , PA- Project Assessment, AT- Attendance

Part -6 - Detailed Scheme Theory

Curriculum Topics along with Self-Learning topics - to be covered, through self-learning mode along with the respective Unit. Evaluation of self-learning topics to be undertaken before the concluding lecture instructions of the respective UNIT

Course Code: US-FBT-201

		No. of
Unit	Content	Lectur
		es
1	Equipment and instruments used in basic tissue culture	15
	1.1 Introduction to tissue culture	
	1.1.1. Cell culture Theory	
	1.1.2. Concept of Cell Culture	
	1.1.3. Cellular Totipotency	
	1.2 Organization and classes of Tissue Culture Laboratory	
	1.2.1. Class 1	
	1.2.2. Class 2	
	1.2.3. Class 3	
	1.3 Designing a Tissue culture laboratory	
	1.4 Equipments and Instruments	
	1.4.1. CO2 incubator	
	1.4.2. Inverted Microscope	
	1.4.3. Cold freezer	
	1.4.4. Bacteria proof filter (Berkefield filter, Sintered glass filter, Seitz	
	filter, cellulose membrane filter)	
	1.5 Scale up, Cryopreservation, Culture Collections	
	1.6 Precautions to maintain Aseptic Conditions	
	1.7 Biocontainment	
2	Plant Tissue Culture	15
	2.1 Introduction to Plant tissue culture	
	2.1.1. Culture Medium: Nutritional requirements of the explants	
	2.2 Callus Culture Technique and suspension culture	
	2.2.1 Introduction, Principle and Protocols	
	2.3 Crop improvement using PTC	
	2.3.1. Direct and Indirect Organogenesis	
	2.3.2. Micropropagation	
	2.3.3. Artificial seeds	
	2.3.4. Protoplast isolation culture and fusion	
	2.3.5. Somatic hybrids	
	2.3.6. Cybrids	
	2.3.7. Hairy root culture	

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2.5.0.	Callus culture	
	Animal Tissue Culture	
3.1 Intr	oduction to Animal Tissue Culture	
3.1.1.	Primary, secondary and continuous cell lines,	
3.1.2.	Primary culture-Establishment and Maintenance of Primary Cell	
0	Cultures of Adherent and Non-Adherent Cell Lines with examples,	
3.1.3.	Organ culture, Embryo Culture, Established Cell lines	
3.2 Cell (Culture Techniques	
3.3 Nutri	tional and Physiological	
3.3.1.	Growth Factors and Growth Parameters	
337	General Metabolism and Growth Kinetics	
5.5.2.		
3.3.2.	Media - Serum and Serum Free Media	
3.3.2. 3.3.3. 3.4 Appli	Media - Serum and Serum Free Media	
3.3.3. 3.4 Appli 3.5. Ethica	Media - Serum and Serum Free Media ication of Cell Cultures al issues related to Animal Tissue Culture	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sub-	Торіс
unit	
1.1	Tissue Engineering, Tissue Culture
2.1	Cell culture, Types of Cell culture, Media
3.4	Applications of Tissue Culture, Scaffolds

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/106/102106081/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/103/102103016/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/104/102104059

Course Code: US-FBT-202

Unit	Contont	No. of Loctur
Unit	Content	es
1	Enzymes used in genetic manipulation	15
	1.1 Basic steps in genetic manipulation	
	1.2 Enzymes used in genetic manipulation	
	1.2.1. Sources types	
	1.2.2. Mode of action and applications	
	1.2.3. Restriction end nucleases	
	1.2.4. DNA polymerases (eukaryotic, prokaryotic and PCR)	
	1.2.5. Ligases	
	1.2.6. Kinases	
	1.2.7. Phosphatases	
	1.2.8. Terminal transferases	
	1.2.9. Reverse Transcriptases	
	1.2.10. Nucleases	
	1.2.11. Sequenase	
	1.3 Restriction enzyme mapping	
	1.3.1. Single digestion of linear and circular plasmid DNA1.3.2. Double digestion of linear and circular plasmid DNA	
2	Vectors used in genetic manipulation And recombinant DNA library	15
	2.1 Vectors - Features and applications	
	2.1.1. pBR322	
	2.1.2. Phage vector	
	2.1.3. Lambda phages	
	2.1.4. Cosmids	
	2.1.5. Phagemids	
	2.1.6. Shuttle vector	
	2.1.7. Expression vector	
	2.1.8. Transcribable vector	
	2.1.9. Artificial chromosomes- YAC, BAC	
	2.2 cDNA library	
	2.2.1. What is a cDNA library	
	2.2.2. Synthesis of cDNA	
	2.2.3. Building cDNA library	
	2.3 Applications of rDNA technology (in brief)	
3	Techniques in molecular biology	15
	3.1 Principle, working and applications (techniques in molecular biology)	

3.1.1.	Western Blotting	
3.1.2.	Southern Blotting	
3.1.3.	Northern Blotting	
3.1.4.	Autoradiography	
3.1.5.	DNA fingerprinting	
3.2 Types	of PCR – terminologies only	
3.2.1.	Gradient PCR	
3.2.2.	Nested PCR	
3.2.3.	RT-PCR	
3.2.4.	Quantitative Real time PCR	
3.2.5.	Rapid amplification of cDNA ends (RACE)	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sub-unit	Торіс
1.3 , 2.1	rDNA technology, Genetic Engineering
2.1	Cloning Vectors, Application of cloning vectors

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/103/102103013/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102/103/102103074/

Course Code: US-FBT-203

		No. of
Unit	Content	Lectur
1		es
1	Plant Physiology	15
	1.1 Photosynthesis	
	1.1.1. Intracellular Organization of Photosynthetic System	
	1.1.2. Fundamental Reactions of Photosynthesis	
	1.1.3. Photosynthetic Pigments	
	1.1.4. Role of Light	
	1.1.5. Hill Reaction and its Significance	
	1.1.6. Light Reactions	
	1.1.7. Cyclic and Non-Cyclic Photo induced Electron Flow	
	1.1.8. Energetics of Photosynthesis	
	1.1.9. Photorespiration	
	1.1.10. Dark Phase of Photosynthesis,	
	1.1.11. Calvin Cycle	
	1.1.12. CO2 fixation-C3, C4 and CAM pathways	
	1.2 Plant hormones	
	1.2.1. Auxin	
	1.2.2. Gibbrellins	
	1.2.3. Cytokinins	
	1.2.4. Ethylene	
	1.2.5. Abscisic acid	
2	Animal Physiology	15
	2.1 Physiology of Digestion	
	2.1.1. Movement of Food and Absorption	
	2.1.2. Secretary functions of Alimentary Canal	
	2.1.3. Digestion and Absorption	
	2.1.4. Assimilation in Gut of Human	
	2.2 Anatomy and physiology of Human Kidney	
	2.2.1. Structure of Nephron	
	2.2.2. Physiology of Urine Formation	
	2.2.3. Role of Kidney in Excretion and Osmoregulation	
	2.3 Respiration	
	2.3.1. Physiology of Respiration	
	2.3.2. Mechanism of Respiration	
	2.3.3. Principles of Gaseous Exchange in the Blood and Body Fluids	

2.4 Blood 2.4.1. 2.4.2. 2.4.3. 2.4.4. 2.4.5. 2.4.6.	and Circulation Blood Composition Structure and Function of its Constituents Blood Coagulation and Anticoagulants Hemoglobin and its Polymorphism Regulation of the Circulation Mechanism Working of Human Heart	
3 3.1 Ecolog 3.1.1. 3.1.2. 3.1.3. 3.1.4. 3.1.5. 3.1.6. 3.1.7. 3.1.8. 3.1.9. 3.1.10. 3.1.11.	Ecosystem and Interactions gy and Biogeography Ecosystems, Definition and Components Structure and Function of Ecosystems Aquatic and Terrestrial Ecosystems Biotic and Abiotic Factors Trophic Levels Food Chain and Food Web Ecological Pyramids (Energy, Biomass and Number) Nutrient Cycle and Biogeochemical Cycles: Water, Carbon, Oxygen, Nitrogen and Sulphur Interactions - Commensalism, Mutualism, Predation and Antibiosis, Parasitism Remote sensing Advances in techniques used for animal or plant protection	15

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sub-unit	Торіс
1.1	Plant Cell Anatomy, Photosynthesis, Respiration
3.1	Ecology, Components of Environment, Types of Environment, Biomass, Energy of the Ecosystem

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102106080/ https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102104057/ https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/102103012/pdf/mod4.pdf https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/120108004/module1/lecture1.pdfhttps://nptel.ac.in/content/st orage2/courses/122103039/pdf/mod6.pdf https://nptel.ac.in/courses/122102006/ https://dth.ac.in/medical/courses/anatomy/1/1/index.php https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/122103039/pdf/mod3.pdf https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102104058/https://nptel.ac.in/courses/102104057/

Course Code: US-FBT-204

Unit		Content	No. of
			Lectur
1			es 15
1	11 Cono	Recombination	15
	1.1 Gene	tic analysis in Dacteria	
	1.2 Mech	anism of Genetic Exchange in Bacteria	
	1.2.1.	Conjugation	
	1.2.2.	Transformation	
	1.2.3.	Transduction (Generalized Transduction, Specialized Transduction)	
	1.3 Bacto	erial Transposable Elements & DNA Recombination	
	1.3.1.	Holliday Model for Recombination Transformation	
	1.4 Gene	tic Problems	
	1.4.1.	Conjugation	
	1.4.2.	Transformation	
	1.4.3.	Recombination	
2		Population Genetics	15
	2.1 Def	initions	
	2.1.1.	Genotypic Frequencies	
	2.1.2.	Allelic Frequencies	
	2.2 Hard	ly- Weinberg Law	
	2.2.1.	Assumptions	
	2.2.2.	Law	
	2.2.3.	Problems	
	2.3 Gene	etic Variations in Populations	
	2.3.1.	Measuring Genetic Variation at Protein Level	
	2.3.2.	Measuring Genetic Variations at DNA level	
	2.3.3.	Natural Selection	
	2.3.4.	Genetic Drift	
	2.3.5.	Speciation	
	2.4 Role of Po	opulation Genetics in Conservation Biology	
3		Immunology	15
	3.1 Definition	ns and terminologies:	
	3.1.1.	Cell and Organs involved	
	3.1.2.	T and B cells	
	3.1.3.	Innate Immunity	

3.1.4.	Acquired Immunity	
3.1.5.	Local and Herd Immunity	
3.1.6.	Humoral and Cellular Immunity	
3.2 Antigens	and Antibodies	
3.2.1.	Types of Antigens	
3.2.2.	General Properties of Antigens	
3.2.3.	Haptens and Superantigen	
3.2.4.	Discovery and Structure of Antibodies (Framework region)	
3.2.5.	Classes of Immunoglobulins	
3.2.6.	Antigenic Determinants.	
3.2.7.	Antigen-Antibody Interactions	
3.2.8.	Monoclonal Antibodies	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sub-unit	Торіс
2.3	Introduction to Mutations, Chemical Mutagens, Physical Mutagens, Genetic code, Genetic drift
3.2	Immunology, Cell Types, Antigens & Antibody structures

Online Resources

http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_ug.php/72 https://swayam.gov.in/nd2_cec20_bt06/preview https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103101127/ http://ugcmoocs.inflibnet.ac.in/ugcmoocs/view_module_ug.php/46

Course Code: US-FBT-205

			No. of
Unit	Content		Lectur
			es
1	Water and buffers		15
	1.1 Chemistry of Water:		
	1.1.1 Properties of Water		
	1.1.2 Interaction of Water with Solutes (Polar	Non-Polar Charged)	
	1 1 3 Non-Polar Compounds in Water – Chang	ye in its Structure and the	
	Hydrophobic Effect		
	1.1.4. Role of Water in Biomolecule. Structure	and Function and Water as	
	a Medium for Life		
	1.2 Solutions		
	1.2.1. Normality		
	1.2.2. Molarity		
	1.2.3. Molality		
	1.2.4. Mole fraction		
	1.2.5. Mole concept		
	1.2.6. Solubility		
	1.2.7. Weight ratio		
	1.2.8. Volume ratio		
	1.2.9. Weight to Volume ratio		
	1.2.10. Ppb and Ppm		
	1.2.11. Millimoles		
	1.2.12. Milliequivalents (Numericals expected)		
	1.3 Primary and Secondary Standards		
	1.3.1. Preparation of Standard Solutions		
	1.3.2. Principle of Volumetric Analysis		
	1.4 Acids and Bases		
	1.4.1. Lowry-Bronsted and Lewis Concepts		
	1.4.2. Strong and Weak Acids and Bases		
	1.4.3. Ionic Product of Water - pH, pKa, pKb		
	1.4.4. Hydrolysis of Salts		
	1.5 Buffer solutions		
	1.5.1. Concept of Buffers		
	1.5.2. Types of Buffers		

	1.5.3. Derivation of Henderson equation for Acidic and Basic buffers	
	1.5.4. Buffer action	
	1.5.5. Buffer capacity (Numericals expected)	
	1.5.6. pH of Buffer Solution	
		1.7
2	Titrimetry and Gravimetry 2.1 Titrimetric Analysis	15
	2.1.1. Titration	
	2.1.2. Titrant	
	2.1.3. Titrand	
	2.1.4. End Point	
	2.1.5. Equivalence Point	
	2.1.6. Titration Error	
	2.1.7. Indicator	
	2.1.8. Primary and Secondary Standards	
	2.1.9. Characteristics and examples	
	2.2 Types of Titration	
	2.2.1. Acid –Base	
	2.2.2. Redox	
	2.2.3. Precipitation	
	2.2.4. Complexometric Titration	
	2.2.5. Theory of Acid –Base Indicators	
	2.2.6. Choice and Suitability of Indicators	
	2.3 Gravimetric Analysis	
	2.3.1. Solubility and Precipitation	
	2.3.2. Factors affecting Solubility	
	2.3.3. Washing	
	2.3.4. Drying and Ignition of Precipitate	
	2.4 Types of centrifuges (preparative and analytical)	
	2.4.1. RCF	
	2.4.2. RPM	
	2.4.3. Define sedimentation velocity	
	2.4.4. Sedimentation co-efficient	
	2.4.5. Separation of liver cell organelles by differential centrifugation	
	2.4.6. Applications of analytical centrifuges (molecular weight	
	determination)	
2	Analytical Tashniquas	15
5	3.1 Methods of Separation	15
	3.1.1. Precipitation,	

3.1.2. Filtration,	
3.1.3. Distillation,	
3.1.4. Solvent Extraction	
3.2 Analytical Techniques Chromatography:	
3.2.1. Definition,	
3.2.2. Principles,	
3.2.3. Types:	
3.2.3.1. Paper Chromatography,	
3.2.3.2. Thin Layer Chromatography,	
3.2.3.3. Column Chromatography And Its Applications	
3.3 Colorimetry:	
3.3.1. Principle,	
3.3.2. Beer-Lambert's Law,	
3.3.3. Measurement of Extinction,	
3.3.4. Derivation of $E = kcl$,	
3.3.5. Limitations of Beer-Lambert 's Law	
3.3.6. Filter Selection	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sub-unit	Торіс
1.2	Normality, Molality, Acid Base Equilibrium, pH
3.1	Methods of chemical analysis

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106121/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104106121/

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/102103047/PDF/mod1.pdf https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/105/104105084/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104103069/

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/106/104106121/

Course Code: US-FBT-206

			No. of		
Unit		Content	Lectur		
1		Thermodynamics	<u>es</u> 15		
1	1.1	Thermodynamics	15		
		1.1.1. System			
		1.1.2. Surrounding,			
		1.1.3. Boundaries Sign Conventions,			
		1.1.4. State Functions,			
		1.1.5. Internal Energy and Enthalpy: Significance, examples, (Numericals			
	12	expected.)			
	1.4	1.2.1. Laws of Thermodynamics and its Limitations			
		1.2.2. Mathematical expression.			
		1.2.3. Qualitative discussion of Carnot Cycle for ideal Gas			
		1.2.4. Mechanical Efficiency,			
	1.3	Laws of Thermodynamics as applied to Biochemical Systems			
	1.4	Concept of Entropy, Entropy for Isobaric, Isochoric and Isothermal			
		Processes.	15		
Z	Chemical Kinetics		15		
	<i>4</i> •1	2.1.1. Rate of Reaction.			
		2.1.2. Rate Constant.			
		2.1.3. Measurement of Reaction Rates. Order & Molecularity of Reaction.			
		2.1.4. Integrated Rate Equation of First and Second order reactions (with			
		equal initial concentration of reactants)(Numericals expected)			
	2.2	Determination of Order of Reaction by			
		2.2.1. Integration Method,			
		2.2.2. Graphical Method,			
		2.2.3. Ostwald's Isolation Method,			
		2.2.4. Half Time Method. (Numericals expected).			
	Oxidation Reduction Reactions				
3	3.1	Principles of Oxidation & Reduction Reactions			
		3.1.1. Oxidising and Reducing Agents,	15		
		3.1.2. Oxidation Number,			
		3.1.3. Rules to assign Oxidation Numbers - examples ions :Oxalate,			
		Permanganate and Dichromate,			
		3.1.4. Balancing Redox Reactions by Ion Electron Method,			
		3.1.5. Oxidation,			
		3.1.6. Reduction,			
		3.1.7. Addition			
		3.1.8. Substitution			

3.1.9. Elimination Reaction	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sub-unit	Торіс
1.2	Thermodynamics, Fundamentals, Laws of thermodynamics
3.1	Types of Reactions

Online Resources

https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/104101005/downloads/LectureNotes/chapter%2013.pdf
https://nptel.ac.in/content/storage2/courses/104103022/download/module11.pdf
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101005/
https://nptel.ac.in/courses/104/101/104101084/

Course Code: US-FBT-207

			No. of
Unit		Content	Lectur
1		1.1 Clobalisation and Indian Society and Human Dights	es
1	11 Clobe	1.1 Giobansation and Indian Society and Human Rights	15
	1.1 (1002	insation and Indian Society	
	1.1.1.	Understanding the concepts of liberalization,	
	1.1.2.	privatization and globalization;	
	1.1.3.	Growth of information technology and communication and its	
		impact manifested in everyday life;	
	1.1.4.	Impact of globalization on industry: changes in employment and	
		increasing migration;	
	1.1.5.	Changes in agrarian sector due to globalization;	
	1.1.6.	Rise in corporate farming and increase in farmers' suicides.	
	1.2 Huma	an Rights	
	1.1.1.	Concept of Human Rights;	
	1.1.2.	origin and evolution of the concept;	
	1.1.3.	The Universal Declaration of Human Rights;	
	1.1.4.	Human Rights constituents with special reference to Fundamental	
		Rights stated in the Constitution	
2		Ecology and sustainable development	15
	2.1 Ecolog	gy and Sustainable Development	
	2.1.1.	Importance of Environment Studies in the current	
		developmental context;	
	2.1.2.	Understanding concepts of Environment,	
	2.1.3.	Ecology and their interconnectedness;	
	2.1.4.	Environment as natural capital and connection to quality of human life.	
	2.1.5.	Environmental Degradation causes and impact on human life:	
	2.1.6.	Sustainable development, concept and components; poverty and	
		environment	
3	Understand	ling and Managing Stress and Conflict in Contemporary Society	15
	3.1 Under	standing Stress and Conflict	
	3.1.1.	Causes of stress and conflict in individuals and society;	
	3.1.2.	Agents of socialization and the role played by them in developing	
		the individual;	
	3.1.3.	Significance of values, ethics and prejudices in developing the	
	214	individual;	
	3.1.4.	Stereotyping and prejudice as significant factors in causing	
	315	Commercial Society. Aggression and violence as the public expression of conflict	
	2 2 N.T.	ring Strong and Conflict in Sector	
	J.2 Mana	ging Stress and Conflict in Society	
	3.2.1.	Types of conflicts and use of coping mechanisms for managing	

3.2.2.	individual stress; Maslow's theory of self-actualization;	
3.2.3.	Different methods of responding to conflicts in society;	
3.2.4.	Conflict-resolution and efforts towards building peace and	
	harmony in society	

Self-Learning topics (Unit wise):

Sub-unit	Торіс
2.1	Importance of Environment Studies in the current developmental context, Sustainable
	development
3.2	Types of conflicts and use of coping mechanisms for managing individual stress

Online Resources:

https://onlinecourses.swayam2.ac.in/nos19_bt03/preview

https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20_ge18/preview

Part – 7- Detailed Scheme Practicals

Practical I	Title of Paper: Tissue Culture techniques & Genetic Engineering	Total
		Credits: 2
Unit	Content	No. of
		Lectures
1	1.1 Construction of Restriction Maps	90
	(a) Restriction enzyme digestion	
	(b) Restriction mapping	
	1.2 Demonstration of PCR	
	1.3 Demonstration of Western Blotting	
	1.4 Quantification of plasmid DNA by UV spectrophotometry	
	1.5 Agarose gel electrophoresis	
	1.6 Design of a plant tissue culture laboratory	
	1.7 Equipments in tissue culture; principle, working and applications	
	(a) CO ₂ incubator	
	(b) Inverted microscope	
	(c) Filter assembly and membrane filters	
	(d) Cold freezer	
	(e) Centrifuge	
	1.8 Explant sterilisation and inoculation for callus culture	
	1.9 Preparation of synthetic seeds by alginate method	
	1.10 Media preparation and sterilization for animal tissue culture	
	1.11 Trypsinization of animal tissue and viability count assay	

Course Code: US-FBT-2P1

Practical II	Title of Paper: Cell: Physiology (Plants and animals) and Ecology &	Total
	Genetics and Immunology	
Unit	Content	No. of
		Lectures
1	1.1 Problems on Population Genetics	90
	1.2 Problems on Genetics	
	(a) Map distance and gene order	
	1.3 Differential staining of blood	
	1.4 Study of Symbiotic and Synergistic activity	
	1.5 Enrichment, Isolation and Detection of Nitrosifiers and Nitrifiers	
	1.6 Enumeration of bacteria from soil	
	1.7 Colorimetric study of Absorption Spectrum of Photosynthetic Pigments from spinach and beetroot	
	1.8 Isolation of Chloroplast from spinach and demonstration of Hill's reaction	
	 1.9 To perform immunoelectrophoresis of human serum proteins 1.10 Study of Antigen Antibody Interactions by Ouchterlony Method 1.11 Determination of human blood group by ABO and Rh antigen 	
	1.12 Analysis of Urine	
	(a) Study of Normal and abnormal constituents	
	(b) Estimation of urea	
	(c) Estimation of uric acid	
	(d) Estimation of creatinine	

Course Code: US-FBT-2P2

Practical		Title of Paper: Analytical chemistry & Physical Chemistry	Total Credits: 2
Unit		Content	No. of
			Lectures
1	1.1	Dissociation Constant of Weak Acids by Incomplete Titration Method using pH Meter and determination of Acetic acid in Vinegar by Titrimetric Method	90
	12	Determination of the amount of Fe (II) present in the given solution Titrimetrically	
	13	Determination of amount of $NaHCO_3 + Na2CO_3$ in the given solid mixture Titrimetrically	
	14	Determination of the amount of Mg (II) present in the given solution complexometrically	
	15	Determination of percent composition of BaSO ₄ and NH ₄ Cl in the given mixture Gravimetrically	
	16	Separation of Cu, Ni and Fe using Paper Chromatography and amino acids - paper chromatography	
	1.7	Determination of fluoride ion using Colorimetry and Fe (III) by using Salicylic Acid by Colorimetric Titration	
	18	Saponification of Fats, Saponification Value of Oil or Fat, Iodine value of Oil and determine the rate constant for the saponification reaction between ethyl acetate and NaOH by back titration method	
	19	To determine enthalpy of dissolution of salt like KNO ₃	
	1.10	Determine the rate constant for hydrolysis of ester using HCl as a catalyst	
	1.11	Study the kinetics of reaction between Thiosulphate ion and HCl	
	1.12	Study reaction between potassium Persulphate and Potassium Iodide kinetically and hence to determine order of reaction	
	1.13	Study the reaction between $NaHSO_3$ and $KMnO_4$ and balancing the reaction in acidic, alkaline and neutral medium	
	1.14	Study transfer of electrons (Titration of sodium thiosulphate with potassium dichromate)	
	1.15	Determination of the volume strength of hydrogen peroxide solution by titration with standardized potassium permanganate solution	
	1.16	Determination of amount of K oxalate and oxalic acid in the given solution titrimetrically	

Course Code: US-FBT-2P3

Reference Books – Semester I

US-FBT-101 Paper I

- 1. Advanced Biotechnology- R.C. Dubey, S. Chand Publishing
- 2. Biotechnology-B.Sc. Edition B.D. Singh, Kalyani Publishers
- 3. Food Microbiology-William Frazier, 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill
- 4. Industrial Microbiology- A.H. Patel, 2nd Edition
- 5. Microbiology- Pelczar, Reid, Chan 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill

US-FBT-102 Paper II

- 1. Genetics by Peter Russell, 5th edition, Pearson Education
- 2. iGenetics A Mendelian Approach, Peter Russell,
- 3. Genetics- B.D. Singh, Reprint edition 2010 Kalyani Publishers

US-FBT-103 Paper III

- 1. Microbiology- Pelczar, Reid, Chan 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill
- 2. Advanced Biotechnology- R.C. Dubey, S. Chand Publishing
- 3. Cell and Molecular Biology Gerald Karp6th edition,
- 4. The Cell, Cooper & Hausman4th edition
- 5. Microbiology by Prescott, Harley & Klein, 10th Edition
- Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution & Ecology Biology by Verma&Agarwal 2005
- 7. Fundamentals of Microbiology by Frobisher 9th edition

US-FBT-104 Paper IV

- 1. Fundamental Principles of Bacteriology by A.J. Salle 7thedition
- 2. Fundamentals of Microbiology by Frobisher 9th edition
- 3. Microbiology- Pelczar, Chan & Krieg 5th edition
- 4. Microbiology by Prescott, Harley & Klein 6th edition

US-FBT-105 Paper V

- 1. Organic Chemistry by Stanley Pine, 5th Edition
- 2. Organic Chemistry by Bahl&Bahl, 22nd Edition, S. Chand Publishers
- 3. Concise Inorganic Chemistry by J.D. Lee Ch. 3, 4 & 8, Wiley, 5th Edition

US-FBT-106 Paper VI

- 1. Outlines of Biochemistry Conn and Stumpf, Wiley, 5th Edition
- 2. Biochemistry Satyanarayan and Chakrapani, Elsevier3rd Edition
- 3. An Introduction to practical Biochemistry, David Plummer, 3rd edition McGraw Hill
- 4. Fundamentals of Biochemistry, S. Chand Publishers Jain, Jain and Jain 6thEdition;
- 5. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry, Nelson & Cox Lehninger, 4th Edition
- 6. Textbook of Biochemistry, West, Todd, Mason and Bruggen, 4th Edition

- 7. Microbiology by Prescott, Harley & Klein 6th Edition
- 8. Fundamentals of Microbiology by Frobisher 9th Edition

US-FBT-107 Paper VII

1. Foundation Course-I, P.G. Shinde, Sheth Publications

Reference Books – Semester II

US-FBT-201- Paper I

- 1. Introduction to Plant Tissue Culture M.K. Razdan2ndEdition,Science publishers
- 2. Plant Tissue Culture Kalyan Kumar De, New Central Book Agency
- 3. Principles and Practice of Animal Tissue Culture, Sudha Gangal, Universities Press
- 4. Culture of animal Cells, R Ian Freshney, 5th Edition, Wiley

US-FBT-202- Paper II

- 1. Genetics Peter Russell 5th edition
- 2. Genetic engineering Sandhya Mitra, 2nd Edition, McGraw Hill
- 3. A Textbook of Biotechnology R.C. Dubey, S. Chand Publishing
- 4. Molecular Biology by Robert Weaver,5th Edition, McGraw Hill
- Principles of gene manipulation and genomics by Primrose and Twyman, 7th Edition Blackwell Publishing
- Molecular Biotechnology-Principles and application of recombinant DNA by Glick, Pasternak, 3rd Edition
- Genetics: A conceptual approach by Pierce, Benjamin A., 5th Edition, WH Freeman And Company
- 8. iGenetics, 3rd Edition Pearson Education
- 9. Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology by Wilson & Walker,
- 10. 7th Edition, Cambridge University Press
- Molecular Diagnostics: Fundamentals, methods and Clinical applications by Lela Buckingham & Maribeth Flaws, F.A. Davis, Wiley

US-FBT-203- Paper III

- 1. Textbook of Plant Physiology by V. Verma, Ane's Student edition
- Medical Physiology by Guyton, Applegate Anatomy and Physiology learning system, 4th Edition, Elsevier
- Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution & Ecology Biology by Verma & Agarwal, 2005, S. Chand Publishers

US-FBT-204- Paper IV

- 1. iGenetics A Mendelian Approach Peter Russell, Pearson Education
- 2. Microbiology- Pelczar, Reid, Chan 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill
- 3. Medical Microbiology by Ananthnarayan, 7th edition, Orient Blackswan
- 4. Immunology by Janeway, 5th Edition, Garland Science
- 5. Immunology by C.V. Rao, Alpha Science
- 6. Immunology by Kuby, 6th Edition, W.H. Freeman

US-FBT-205- Paper V

- 1. Biochemistry Satyanarayan and Chakrapani, Elsevier3rd Edition
- 2. Textbook of Physical Chemistry (F.Y.B.Sc.)
- 3. XI STD Mah. State Board Textbook
- 4. Chemistry NCERT Pub (CBSE) XI Part-I
- Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry, Skoog, West, Holler and Crouch, 8th Edition, Thomson-Brooks/Cole
- Vogel's Textbook of Quantitative Analysis by J. Mendham, R.c. Denney, J. D. Barnes, M. J. K. Thomas ,6thEdition, Prentice hall
- Fundamentals of Analytical Chemistry, Skoog, West, Holler and Crouch, 8th Edition, Thomson-Brooks/Cole
- Instrumental methods of Chemical analysis Gurdeep Chatwal and Sham Anand, 13th reprint 1998, Himalaya Publishing House

US-FBT-206- Paper VI

- 1. Textbook of Physical Chemistry, F.Y.B.Sc
- 2. XII Std Mah. State Board Textbook
- 3. XI Std Mah. State Board Textbook

US-FBT-207- Paper VII

1. Foundation Course II - P.G. Shinde - Sheth Publications